

Zbl 882.03031

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On infinite partitions of lines and space. (In English)

Fundam. Math. 152, No.1, 75-95 (1997). [ISSN 0016-2736]

Assume Martin's axiom and that the lines of the euclidean space \mathbb{R}^n are decomposed into countably many classes L_0, L_1, \dots . Then there is a decomposition of \mathbb{R}^n into classes S_0, S_1, \dots such that if ℓ is a line from L_i then ℓ meets S_i in at most 3 points. Several other results extend this and earlier theorems to the case when higher dimensional hyperplanes are considered in place of lines.

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Classification:

03E05 Combinatorial set theory (logic)

03E50 Continuum hypothesis and generalizations (logic)

04A20 Combinatorial set theory

Keywords:

Martin's axiom; transfinite recursion; set theoretic constructions in euclidean spaces